

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 22 and 44 without prejudice or disclaimer, and amend the claims as follows:

1. (Original) A method for digital printing represented as a matrix I , comprising:

forming a sequence of matrices P_k with entries 0 or 1 where a 1 at some entry in some P_k represents that this pixel will be printed at stage k ;

constructing as sequences of matrices I_k with entries in $[0, 1]$, so that $I_0 = I$;

determining, when considering all pixels in I_k for all successive values of k , a next pixel having a largest weight indicating that said next pixel is to be printed next, so that P_{k+1} differs from P_k by a zero at said next pixel in P_k being replaced by a 1 at the same position in P_{k+1} ;

printing said pixel;

replacing the value of said pixel in I_k by a 0 thus forming I_{k+1} ; and

incrementing the value of k , until enough pixels have been printed to represent the overall darkness of I by the printed image.

2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein with each printing of a pixel, an order of printing of remaining pixels is redefined.

3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising reordering the pixels to be printed with each printing iteration.

4. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein an original image is denoted as said matrix $I = \{I(i, j)\}$, where $1 \leq i \leq \text{Himage}$ and $1 \leq j \leq \text{Vimage}$, where Himage is a number of pixels along a horizontal direction of the image and where Vimage is a number of pixels along a vertical direction of the image, and

wherein each element $I(i, j)$ of I is a real number between 0 and 1 where 0 represents “white”, 1 represents “black” and intermediate values represent levels of grey.

5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4, wherein said matrix forming includes comprises:

setting $k = 0$ and defining P_0 as the constant Himage by Vimage zero matrix.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 5, further comprising:

with each iteration of redetermining, replacing k by $k+1$; and

setting $I_k = I_{k-1}$ and $P_k = P_{k-1}$ except for a single pixel.

7. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 6, further comprising:

determining whether there has been a change in neighborhood $V(i, j, M_k I_k)$ of pixel (i, j) in matrix I_k ;

computing all weighted averages $W(i, j, I_k)$ of grey values in the neighborhood $V(i, j, I_k)$ of pixel (i, j) in matrix I_k not computed previously in earlier iterations and setting $W(i, j, I_k) = W(i, j, I_{k-1})$ if $W(i, j, I_k)$ is not computed again, such that when $k=1$, all said weighted averages are computed, and for $k>1$, only said weighted averages which have been modified

at a previous iteration are computed.

8. (Original) The method according to claim 7, further comprising:

ordering all $W(i, j, I_k)$ by decreasing order; and

considering $\text{Max}(k)$ as a larger value of all $W(i, j, I_k)$ s.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, further comprising:

determining whether $W(i, j, I_k) = \text{Max}(k)$.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 9, further comprising:

for all pairs (i, j) such that $W(i, j, I_k) = \text{Max}(k)$, replacing $P_k(i, j) = 0$ with $P_k(i, j) = 1$ in P_k , and $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j)$ with $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j) - 1$ in I_k .

11. (Original) The method according to claim 9, further comprising:

computing $\text{GreyTotal}(k) = \sum_{i,j} P_k(i, j)$.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein if $\text{GreyTotal}(k) < \text{GreyTotal}$, then a next iteration is begun.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 11, further comprising:

if $\text{GreyTotal} \leq \text{GreyTotal}(k)$, and $|\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k)| < |\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k-1)|$, then set $P = P_k$.

14. (Original) The method according to claim 11, further comprising:

if $\text{GreyTotal} \leq \text{GreyTotal}(k)$, and $|\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k)| \geq |\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k-1)|$, then set $P = P_{k-1}$.

15. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein a total number of black dots being printed is variable.

16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim ~~15~~ 14, further comprising:

providing a multi-tone printer, such that a lightest grey darker than $\text{Max}(k)$ is printed, and $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j) - 1$ is replaced by $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j)$ which represents a multibit grey level being printed.

17. (Original) The method according to claim 9, further comprising:

compensating for isolated pixels by making weights in $V(i, j, M)$ depend on what is printed at (i, j) .

18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

encoding the set of pixels to be printed after half-toning, in the matrix $P = \{P(i, j)\}$, where $1 \leq i \leq \text{Himage}$ and $1 \leq j \leq \text{Vimage}$, where Himage is a number of pixels along a horizontal direction of the image and where Vimage is a number of pixels along a vertical direction of the image, and

wherein each element $P(i,j)$ of P has a value of either 0 or 1, where "0" represents "white" and "1" represents "black".

19. (Original) The method according to claim 18, further comprising:

given a Himage by Vimage matrix M with entries in $[0,1]$, selecting a neighborhood $V(i, j, M)$ for each (i, j) , whose shape and size selectively depends or not on (i, j) , and a set of weights associated to all pixels in $V(i, j, M)$.

20. (Original) The method according to claim 19, wherein $W(i, j, M)$ represents a weighted average of the elements of M in $V(i, j, M)$, and $\text{GreyTotal} = \sum_{i,j} I(i, j)$.

21. (Currently Amended) A method of printing, comprising:

forming a matrix of pixels;

determining an order of printing of said pixels, said determining including finding a weight of said pixels and printing a pixel having a highest weight; and

reordering the remaining pixels and printing a pixel having the greatest weight of the remaining pixels until all pixels have been printed;

wherein the pixels are printed in turn based on the darkness of the local image being printed.

22. (Cancelled)

23. (Currently Amended) A method for digital printing, comprising:

forming a sequence of matrices P_k with entries 0 or 1 where a 1 at some entry in some P_k represents that this pixel will be printed at stage k ;

constructing as sequences of matrices I_k with entries in $[0, 1]$, so that $I_0 = I$;

determining, for a plurality of pixels in I_k for all successive values of k , a next pixel having a largest weight indicating that said first pixel is to be printed next;

printing said pixel; and

determining for each pixel of the remaining ones of pixels of said plurality of pixels a printing order of said remaining pixels such that subsequent pixels of said remaining ones of pixels of said plurality of pixels having a largest weight among the remaining pixels, are subsequently printed;

wherein the pixels are printed in turn based on the darkness of the local image being printed.

24. (Currently Amended) A system for printing, comprising:

means for forming a matrix of pixels;

means for determining an order of printing of said pixels, said determining including finding a weight of said pixels and printing a pixel having a highest weight; and

means for reordering the remaining pixels and printing a pixel having the greatest weight of the remaining pixels until all pixels have been printed;

wherein the pixels are printed in turn based on the darkness of the local image being printed.

25. (Original) The system according to claim 24, wherein with each printing of a pixel, an order of printing of remaining pixels is redefined.

26. (Original) The system according to claim 24, wherein said reordering means reorders the pixels to be printed with each printing iteration.

27. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim 24, wherein an original image is denoted as said matrix $I = \{I(i, j)\}$, where $1 \leq i \leq H_{\text{image}}$ and $1 \leq j \leq V_{\text{image}}$, where H_{image} is a number of pixels along a horizontal direction of the image and where V_{image} is a number of pixels along a vertical direction of the image, and

wherein each element $I(i, j)$ of I is a real number between 0 and 1 where 0 represents “white”, 1 represents “black” and intermediate values represent levels of grey.

28. (Original) The system according to claim 27, wherein said matrix forming means includes:

means for setting $k = 0$ and defining P_0 as the constant H_{image} by V_{image} zero matrix.

29. (Original) The system according to claim 28, further comprising:

with each iteration of redetermining, means for replacing k by $k+1$; and

means for setting $I_k = I_{k-1}$ and $P_k = P_{k-1}$ except for a single pixel.

30. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim 29, further comprising:

means for determining whether there has been a change in neighborhood $V(i, j, M_k I_k)$ of pixel (i, j) in matrix I_k ; and

means for computing all weighted averages $W(i, j, I_k)$ of grey values in neighborhood $V(i, j, I_k)$ of pixel (i, j) in matrix I_k not computed so far in earlier iterations and setting $W(i, j, I_k) = W(i, j, I_{k-1})$ if $W(i, j, I_k)$ is not computed again, such that when $k=1$, all said weighted averages are computed, and for $k>1$, only said weighted averages which have been modified at a previous iteration are computed.

31. (Original) The system according to claim 30, further comprising:

means for ordering all $W(i, j, I_k)$ by decreasing order; and

means for considering $Max(k)$ as a larger value of all $W(i, j, I_k)$ s.

32. (Original) The system according to claim 31, further comprising:

means for determining whether $W(i, j, I_k) = Max(k)$.

33. (Original) The system according to claim 32, further comprising:

for all pairs (i, j) such that $W(i, j, I_k) = Max(k)$, means for replacing $P_k(i, j) = 0$ with $P_k(i, j) = 1$ in P_k , and $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j)$ with $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j) - 1$ in I_k .

34. (Original) The system according to claim 32, further comprising:

means for computing $\text{GreyTotal}(k) = \sum_{i,j} P_k(i, j)$.

35. (Original) The system according to claim 34, wherein if $\text{GreyTotal}(k) < \text{GreyTotal}$, then a next iteration is begun.

36. (Original) The system according to claim 34, further comprising:

if $\text{GreyTotal} \leq \text{GreyTotal}(k)$, and $|\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k)| < |\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k-1)|$, means for setting $P = P_k$.

37. (Original) The system according to claim 34, further comprising:

if $\text{GreyTotal} \leq \text{GreyTotal}(k)$, and $|\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k)| \geq |\text{GreyTotal} - \text{GreyTotal}(k-1)|$, means for setting $P = P_{k-1}$.

38. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim 24, wherein a total number of black dots being printed is variable.

39. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim ~~38~~ 37, further comprising:

a multi-tone printer for printing, such that a lightest grey darker than $\text{Max}(k)$ is printed, and $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j) - 1$ is replaced by $I_k(i, j) = I(i, j)$ which represents a multibit grey level being printed.

40. (Original) The system according to claim 32, further comprising:

means for compensating for isolated pixels by making the weights in $V(i, j, M)$ depend on what is printed at (i, j) .

41. (Currently Amended) The system according to claim 24, further comprising:

means for encoding the set of pixels to be printed after half-toning, in the matrix $P=\{P(i, j)\}$, where $1 \leq i \leq H_{\text{image}}$ and $1 \leq j \leq V_{\text{image}}$, where H_{image} is a number of pixels along a horizontal direction of the image and where V_{image} is a number of pixels along a vertical direction of the image.

wherein each element $P(i, j)$ of P has a value of either 0 or 1, where "0" represents "white" and "1" represents "black".

42. (Original) The system according to claim 41, further comprising:

given a H_{image} by V_{image} matrix M with entries in $[0, 1]$, means for selecting a neighborhood $V(i, j, M)$ for each (i, j) , whose shape and size selectively depends or not on (i, j) , and a set of weights associated to all pixels in $V(i, j, M)$.

43. (Original) The system according to claim 42, wherein $W(i, j, M)$ represents a weighted average of the elements of M in $V(i, j, M)$, and $\text{GreyTotal} = \sum_{i,j} I(i, j)$.

44. (Canceled)

45. (Currently Amended) A signal-bearing medium tangibly embodying a program of

machine-readable instructions executable by a digital processing apparatus to perform a method of printing, said method comprising:

forming a matrix of pixels;

determining an order of printing of said pixels, said determining including finding a weight of said pixels and printing a pixel having a highest weight; and

reordering the remaining pixels and printing a pixel having the greatest weight of the remaining pixels until all pixels have been printed;

wherein the pixels are printed in turn based on the darkness of the local image being printed.

46. (Original) A signal-bearing medium tangibly embodying a program of machine-readable instructions executable by a digital processing apparatus to perform a method of printing, said method comprising:

forming a sequence of matrices P_k with entries 0 or 1 where a 1 at some entry in some P_k means that this pixel will be printed at stage k ;

constructing as sequences of matrices I_k with entries in $[0, 1]$, so that $I_0 = I$;

determining, when considering all pixels in I_k for all successive values of k , a next pixel having a largest weight indicating that said next pixel is to be printed next, so that P_{k+1} differs from P_k by a zero at said next pixel in P_k being replaced by a 1 at the same position in P_{k+1} ;

printing said pixel;

replacing the value of said pixel in I_k by a 0 thus forming I_{k+1} ; and

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incrementing the value of k , until enough pixels have been printed to represent the overall darkness of I by the printed image.

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AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAWINGS:

The attached sheets of drawings include changes to Figure 2 to replace the term M_k with the term I_k . The replacement sheet which includes Figure 2 replaces the original sheet which included Figure 2.

Attachments: Replacement Sheet

Annotated Sheet Showing Changes